

Place the letter of the matching description from the right column on the blank in front of the number of the left column.

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| _____ 1. Analysis | A. produces plan for relational database system |
| _____ 2. An Index | B. contains only one table |
| _____ 3. Implementation | C. describes relationship between two entities |
| _____ 4. Foreign Key | D. identify and organise data |
| _____ 5. Primary Key | E. collection of data in a table |
| _____ 6. Design | F. repeating groups removed within primary entities |
| _____ 7. Normalisation | G. remove attributes that are only dependent on part of the primary key |
| _____ 8. Data Modelling | H. data item in an entity |
| _____ 9. Attribute | I. uniquely identifies each record in a table |
| _____ 10. First Normal Form | J. update customer's details |
| _____ 11. An example of input function | K. describes data items in system |
| _____ 12. Relationship | L. a primary key from a table included in another table to form a relationship |
| _____ 13. Second Normal Form | M. list all customers with videos booked out |
| _____ 14. Primary Entities | N. a quick reference to speed up use of database |
| _____ 15. An example of output function | O. implement structures, functions |
| _____ 16. Relational Database | P. produces realistic new entities |
| _____ 17. Validity Check | Q. create database structures |
| _____ 18. Flat File Database | R. dependent on key |
| _____ 19. Key Attribute | S. data items in existing system |
| _____ 20. Entity | T. the value entered must be within a certain range |
| _____ 21. Data Dictionary | U. data is stored in a set of tables |
| _____ 22. Third Normal Form | V. makes up primary key |