

Place the letter of the term that matches the description on the blank in front of the number.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Translates low level language to machine code in one operation.  
A. Cobol B. Assembler C. User guide D. High Level Languages
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. A variable which stores a value.  
A. Syntax errors B. Numeric Variable C. Function D. Runtime errors
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. The creation of the program code from its structure diagram or pseudocode.  
A. Implementation B. Syntax errors C. Maintenance D. Maintainable
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Checking the software against the original specification to make sure that it meets every requirement.  
A. Interpreter B. Evaluation C. Pascal D. Machine Code
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. A detailed study of the problem which produces a clear description of it.  
A. Assembler B. Analysis C. Implementation D. Logical errors
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. clear, precise definition of the problem  
A. Compiler B. Problem specification C. Testing stage D. Testing
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. A high level language used for business programs.  
A. Cobol B. Conditional Loop C. Interpreter D. Evaluation stage
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. program meets the problem specification completely  
A. Maintenance B. Fitness for purpose C. Testing D. Evaluation
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. A computers own language.  
A. Problem specification B. Syntax errors C. Machine Code D. Conditional Loop
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Checking the specified inputs and outputs of the program against those predicted in the design.  
A. Implementation B. Testing C. User guide D. Cobol
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. a range of test data is entered into the program to make sure the output is as expected  
A. Testing stage B. Unconditional Loop C. Implementation D. Machine Code
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. clarify problem and identify what the solution must provide  
A. Top-down design B. Maintenance C. Problem specification D. Analysis stage
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. Translates source code to machine code in one operation.  
A. Analysis stage B. Compiler C. Machine Code D. Unconditional Loop
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. A loop which will continue until a condition is met.  
A. Analysis stage B. Problem specification C. Conditional Loop D. Assignment
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15. Usually it will match up to a sub-problem which has been identified in the top-down process.  
A. Interpreter B. Implementation C. Simple Conditional D. Procedure