

Words are placed backwards, forward, diagonally, up and down. Clues listed below can help you find the words. Circle the hidden vocabulary words in the maze.

B	S	Y	S	T	E	M	S	A	N	A	L	Y	S	T	D	E
O	A	R	H	E	C	C	P	T	S	M	S	F	X	A	R	X
U	L	E	Q	V	N	O	E	O	J	O	H	E	R	C	S	E
N	G	L	F	E	A	M	C	P	T	D	T	E	K	E	J	C
D	O	I	Q	N	T	P	I	-	I	U	F	D	B	D	V	U
A	R	A	X	T	I	I	F	D	T	L	X	B	S	O	R	T
R	I	B	J	D	R	L	I	O	E	E	M	A	P	C	H	A
Y	T	L	Z	R	E	E	C	W	R	L	G	C	G	-	C	B
T	H	E	K	I	H	R	A	N	A	I	G	K	N	O	L	L
E	M	T	W	V	N	D	T	D	T	B	M	B	I	D	I	E
S	D	H	L	E	I	D	I	E	I	R	S	L	G	U	E	C
T	N	L	N	N	Y	T	O	S	V	A	T	P	G	E	N	O
I	Q	D	R	Y	R	U	N	I	E	R	O	B	U	S	T	D
N	H	J	S	H	K	R	N	G	R	Y	C	J	B	P	S	E
G	R	Z	M	A	C	H	I	N	E	C	O	D	E	N	K	F
P	A	R	A	M	E	T	E	R	T	E	S	T	D	A	T	A
G	V	J	Q	D	A	T	A	M	O	D	E	L	L	I	N	G

A detailed sequence of steps which, when followed, will accomplish a task. (9)

A document outlining the program requirements set by the client. (13)

A library includes code for standard algorithms that can be re-used by programmers. (13)

A looping system where information is fed back in to a computer system. (8)

A notation combining natural language and code used to represent the detailed logic of a program. (11)

A pen and paper exercise to debug a program. (6)

A process used in object oriented languages that identifies objects, how they relate to one another. (13)

A program is reliable if it runs well and is never brought to a halt by a design flaw. (8)

A program is robust if it can cope with problems that come from outside and are not of its own making. (6)

A program that translates a complete high level language program into an independent machine code program. (8)

A system that responds to an external event such as mouse click or a key press. (11)

An argument of a procedure or function that represents a local

variable. (9)

An iterative process is one that incorporates feedback and involves an element of repetition. (9)

Commercial Off The Shelf software. (4)

Data that is used to test whether software works properly and that it is reliable and robust. (8)

Design approach of sectioning a large and complex system into smaller and more easily manageable components. (14)

Independent machine code that can be run without translation. (14)

Native computer code that can be understood without translation. (11)

Rapid Application Development. (3)

Running a program with test data that represents the extreme upper and lower values. (15)

The detection, location and removal of errors in a program. (9)

The person or group that initiates the development process by specifying a problem. (6)

The person responsible for analysing and determining whether a task is suitable for pursuit using a computer. (14)

The sharing of characteristics between a class of object and a newly created sub class. (11)