

Place the letter of the matching description from the right column on the blank in front of the number of the left column.

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| _____ 1. Test data | A. A document outlining the program requirements set by the client. |
| _____ 2. Algorithm | B. Data that is used to test whether software works properly and that it is reliable and robust. |
| _____ 3. Object-oriented language | C. The person responsible for analysing and determining whether a task is suitable for pursuit using a computer. |
| _____ 4. Specification | D. A program is robust if it can cope with problems that come from outside and are not of its own making. |
| _____ 5. COTS | E. A detailed sequence of steps which, when followed, will accomplish a task. |
| _____ 6. Robust | F. The finished program runs to specification and is robust and reliable. |
| _____ 7. Debugging | G. Native computer code that can be understood without translation. |
| _____ 8. Machine code | H. Top-down design of sectioning a large and complex system into smaller and more easily manageable components. |
| _____ 9. Jackson Structured Programming | I. The detection, location and removal of errors in a program. |
| _____ 10. Parameter | J. A contract set up between client and development team. |
| _____ 11. Stepwise refinement | K. An object-oriented computer language like Java that uses objects rather than actions and data rather than logic. |
| _____ 12. Development team | L. A pen and paper exercise to debug a program. |
| _____ 13. Dry run | M. Independent machine code that can be run without translation. |
| _____ 14. Software development process | N. Correction of previously undetected errors during development apparent after installation of the software. |
| _____ 15. Executable code | O. An argument of a procedure or function that represents a local variable. |
| _____ 16. Internal commentary | P. A diagrammatic design method for small programs that focuses on sequence, selection and iteration. |
| _____ 17. Corrective maintenance | Q. The use of comments within source code to describe what it does. |
| _____ 18. Legal contract | R. Generic description of the personnel involved in developing the software solution. |
| _____ 19. Fit for purpose | S. Commercial Off The Shelf software. |
| _____ 20. Systems Analyst | T. A series of stages involving defined methods to produce a software project according to an initial specification. |