

Words are placed backwards, forward, diagonally, up and down. Clues listed below can help you find the words. Circle the hidden vocabulary words in the maze.

S	N	R	Q	R	E	D	I	R	E	C	T	O	R	H	U	B
B	W	E	N	U	R	R	E	V	O	A	T	A	D	S	W	W
J	R	I	T	G	A	I	N	T	E	R	F	A	C	E	G	C
H	R	O	T	B	L	N	D	A	T	A	B	U	S	Y	W	D
K	K	F	W	C	E	M	T	A	C	C	U	R	A	C	Y	F
H	I	P	B	S	H	U	E	I	S	H	J	S	H	X	K	S
V	Y	L	C	V	E	T	I	Z	S	L	B	K	P	R	Y	F
R	B	S	O	Y	Y	R	W	G	X	A	R	E	O	D	T	X
P	G	B	Q	B	R	I	N	G	N	E	T	W	O	R	K	T
J	J	R	A	Z	Y	I	M	M	Y	Y	T	I	V	D	W	I
C	L	G	Z	I	P	T	X	G	B	E	K	N	O	M	V	B
Q	I	T	I	P	B	D	E	H	N	H	P	G	W	N	G	T
G	D	C	I	Y	P	K	I	S	D	N	V	I	M	B	V	R
D	S	L	G	T	W	F	U	R	H	J	R	C	X	I	D	A
A	C	L	T	S	Z	B	O	T	H	C	A	S	B	E	P	T
W	B	H	L	L	A	W	E	R	I	F	M	F	Z	T	L	S
M	S	B	I	-	D	I	R	E	C	T	I	O	N	A	L	K

1024 bytes (8)

1024 megabytes (8)

A LAN device driver which translates operating system requests into network events. (10)

A binary code that gives each character and symbol on the keyboard a unique binary code (5)

A device to divide an Ethernet network up into separate collision domains. (6)

A group of 8 bits (4)

A measure of how well a computer representation of an image, sound etc. matches the original. (8)

A multi-port repeater in an Ethernet network. (3)

A network protocol developed by Microsoft and originally used with LAN Manager. (7)

A picture element which is the smallest display element. (5)

A separate memory, operating at high-speed used to hold screen data that is to be displayed. (4)

A unit that sits between the CPU and a peripheral device. (9)

Amount of data handled by the processor in a single operation (4)

Contains the data to be written to memory or receives the data read from memory (3)

Each device is connected on the network to a ring

communications line around which signals are sent. (11)

Each device on the network is directly connected to a single communications line. (10)

Marks the beginning of a character in asynchronous transmission. (8)

Occurs in parallel transmission where the individual bits of a byte arrive may at their destination at different times. (7)

Reducing the amplitude of a sound sample to fall within a given sample range. (8)

Secure Hyper Text Transmission Protocol encrypts data transmitted over the Internet. (5)

Software or hardware which protects a local area network from outside access (8)

Software used to render HTML pages. (7)

Stands for Millions of Instructions Per Second. (4)

The rounding of sound samples to the nearest integer. (12)

This occurs when the CPU ignores an interrupt request from a peripheral. (11)

Transfers data in both directions. (14)

Used to transfer data to and from the CPU. (7)

Voice and data are carried by bearer channels (B channels) occupying a bandwidth of 64 Kbps (4)